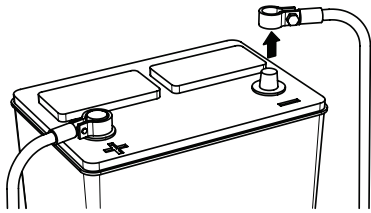


Installation

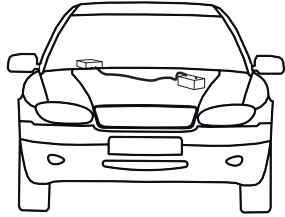
1 Disconnect negative battery terminal

Place the battery terminal in a secure position so that it won't accidentally contact the positive or negative battery post.



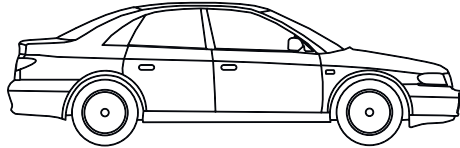
2 Run cables

Properly route power, speaker and RCA cables through the vehicle.



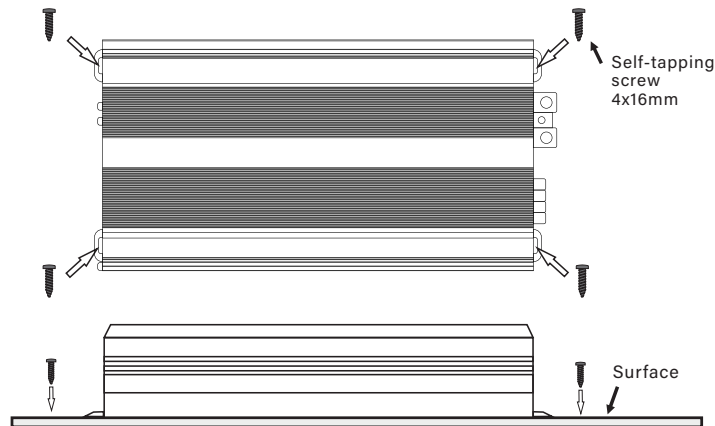
3 Mount Amplifier

Choose a mounting location that will provide adequate air ventilation. Mount the amplifier to a secure surface. Do not mount the amplifier upside down.



1. Put the amplifier on the mounting surface (non conductive) and mark the positions of the 4 screws.
2. Ensure that objects behind the mounting surface will not be damaged when drilling.
3. Drill screw holes.
4. Use the 4 self-tapping screws to fix the amplifier to the mounting surface.

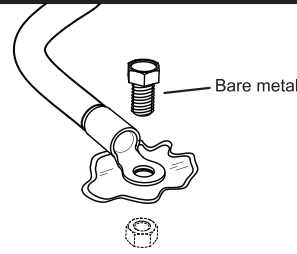
Note: Please ensure that the connection between grounding points/ground wire and the negative battery grounding and post is good and clean. Installing an extra ground wire between battery post and vehicles chassis ground, with the same gauge/size as positive wire, will improve the performance of your amplifier/system. Connect all devices to the same ground point as far as possible. This can help to reduce noise.



4 Chassis Ground

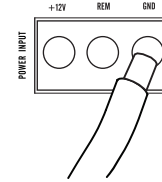


The chassis ground connection is critical to the performance of the amplifier. Choose a location that is close to the amplifier. Completely scrape away the paint and use a nut and bolt if possible.



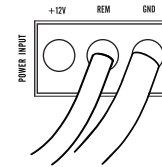
5 Negative power connection

Attach the ground wire to the amplifier GND connection. Ensure that there are no loose strands before you tighten the screw firmly.



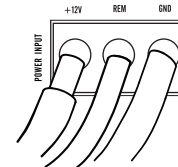
6 Remote turn-on connection

Attach the remote turn on from source unit to the amplifier REM input. NOTE: Try to avoid to use thin cables as it easily will be broken etc. Recommended size is 0.75-1mm²



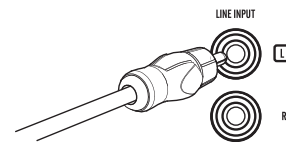
7 Positive power connection

Attach the main power cable to the amplifier +12V. The cable must run directly to the battery and be properly fused. Ensure that there are no loose strands before you tighten the screw firmly.



8 Signal power connection

Connect the RCA cables to the input connectors



9 Gain control

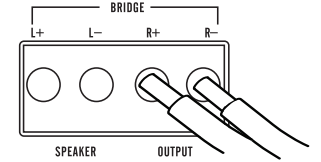


Turn the GAIN control completely counter-clockwise to minimum.

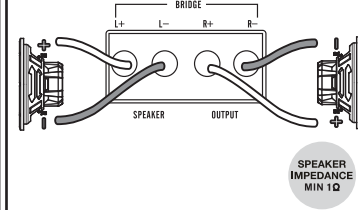


10 Speaker connections

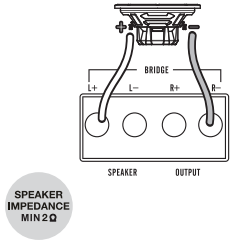
Connect the speaker cables to the speaker output connectors. Follow the diagram below that best fits your speaker configuration.



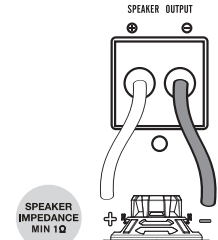
Stereo mode (PSP 2500.2DF)
Note: 1 ohm stable



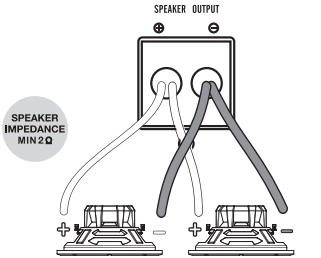
Bridged mode (PSP 2500.2DF)
Note: 2 ohm stable



Monoblock (PSP 3500.1D)
Single Woofer
Note: 1 ohm stable

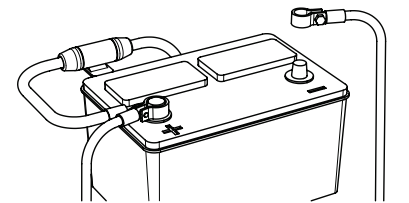


Monoblock (PSP 3500.1D)
Multiple Woofer
Note: 1 ohm stable



11 Positive battery connection

Connect the power cable to the positive battery terminal. The power cable must be fused within 15.5 inches/40cm from the battery terminal AND before any metal parts like the bulkhead etc.

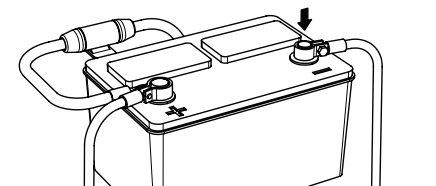


Be prepared to disarm your vehicle's alarm and to enter your radio / source unit code.



12 Reconnect negative battery terminal

Re-connect the negative battery terminal making sure it is securely tightened.



Setup

A Crossover mode

Crossover mode switch set the type of crossover that will be active.

B High pass filter adjustment

HPF (High pass filter) control will limit the output below the selected frequency. This is typically used to protect midrange speakers and tweeters from damage and to allow smooth transition from a subwoofer. For subwoofers this can also be used as a subsonic filter.

C Low pass filter adjustment

LPF (Low pass filter) control will limit the output above the selected frequency. This is used to allow a smooth transition to the higher frequency speakers.

D Bass boost

Bass EQ control will increase the power output at 45Hz for more pronounced bass. Be cautious when using this control. Increase the level in small amounts until distortion is noticed, then back the level down (counter clockwise) until the distortion is eliminated.

E Remote level control

PSP 3500.1D and PSP 2500.2DF includes a bass level remote. Avoid adjusting the bass remote while driving.

F Gain settings

This is a critical step to insure your amplifier is properly adjusted to match the signal output level of your source unit.

THIS IS NOT A VOLUME CONTROL!

1. If possible, with the source unit off, confirm that the primary volume control is turned down (counter clockwise).
2. Turn on the source unit (CD or MP3 player). Re-confirm that the volume is turned down. Make sure the source unit controls; balance, fader, bass and treble are all set to center or "0" adjustment. Make sure that the green LED on the end of the amplifier is illuminated.
3. Play a clean musical selection of which you are very familiar. CD is preferred. Do not use radio signals for level setting. Hit play and start turning the volume of the source unit up.
4. Stop increasing the source unit volume when you reach 3/4 (about 75%) or until you hear speakers begin to slightly start producing distortion.
5. Increase the amplifier level (clockwise) until distortion is heard, then back the level down (counter clockwise) until the distortion is eliminated. Small adjustments may need to be made to balance the levels of multiple amplifiers.

Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS		
MODEL	PSP2500.2DF	PSP3500.1D
RMS POWER (4Ω)	750Wx2	1500Wx1
RMS POWER (2Ω)	1500Wx2	2500Wx1
RMS POWER (1Ω)	2500Wx2	3500Wx1
BRIDGED POWER (4Ω)	3000Wx1 (RMS)	/
BRIDGED POWER (2Ω)	5000Wx1 (RMS)	/
T.H.D	<0.2%	<0.5%
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	20Hz-20kHz	10Hz-20kHz
S/N RATIO (A-WEIGHTED)	>90dB	>85dB
INPUT SENSITIVITY	5V-0.5V	5V-0.5V
INPUT IMPEDANCE	>10Kohm	>10Kohm
POWER CONSUMPTION	5Amp-500Amp	2Amp-300Amp
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	10-15Vdc	10-15Vdc
BASS BOOST	0-12dB, 45Hz	0-18dB, 45Hz
LOW PASS	50-5kHz	50-20kHz
HIGH PASS	10-1kHz	10-1kHz
CROSSOVER	HPF/FULL/LPF/BPF	HPF/LPF
DIMENSIONS L:	410mm/445mm w. legs	200mm/235mm w. legs
H:	223mm	223mm
W:	69mm	69mm

Owners Manual



AMPLIFIER



**MODEL: PSP2500.2DF
PSP3500.1D**

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